

Indexable Square End Mill

ASM

Super Excellent Mini ASM

*All sizes are now
coolant-through.*

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MOLDINO Tool Engineering, Ltd.

**Indexable mill using advanced small-diameter inserts.
Pocket design and 3D-shaped cutting edge allows for
high-efficient machining with small diameter sizes.**

Small dia. Dc: $\phi 8 \sim 32$ mm

Small dia.

Lineup of small diameter sizes from $\phi 8$ mm to $\phi 32$ mm and $\phi 3/8$ " to $\phi 1.25$ "
▶ Can be used instead of solid carbide end mills.

Multi-function

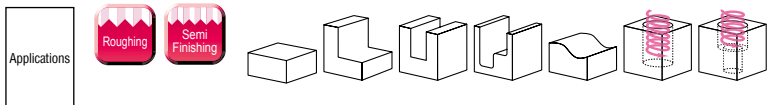
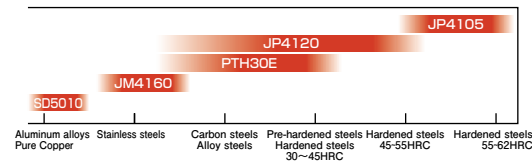
JDMT-type inserts for shoulder cutting and EDMT-type inserts for low-depth, high-feed-rate machining can be used in the same holder.
▶ **Wide selection of roughing tools available.**
Variety of modular options, including carbide shanks and special arbors, for specific cutting depths and shapes, that are required.
▶ **Wide cutting range**

Easy cutting

Utilizes a low-resistance, free-cutting shaped insert.
▶ **Compatible with low-powered, small-sized machines equivalent to a BT-30 spindle.**

Environment

▶ **Economical insert with 2 cutting edges**
▶ **Special environmentally-friendly, high-hardness, corrosion-resistant surface treatment applied on the holder.**



Features

01

2 types of applications by changing inserts

• High-efficient tooling system to match cutting depth or cutting shape

- 1 Steel Shank type
- 2 Carbide Shank
- 3 Modular Arbor



With center coolant-through hole for excellent chip removal.



EDMT-type insert for machining efficiency



Utilizes R2.0mm(.079") cutting edge shape.
▶ No uncut remnants peculiar to high feed tools
▶ Low cutting resistance

Work material : S50C
Tools : ASMM0710R-2($\phi 10$ -2NT)
+ASC10-6.5-114-49

Cutting Conditions : $V_c=160$ m/min
 $V_f=6,115$ m/min
 $a_p \times a_e=0.25 \times 5$ mm
Tool overhang 80mm



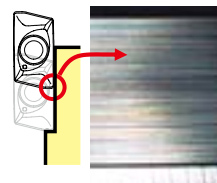
JDMT-type insert for high-grade machined surfaces



Utilizes Fine Wall (FW) shape.
▶ Decrease unevenness of machined surfaces
▶ Decrease burring


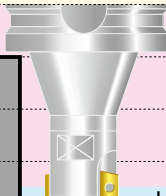
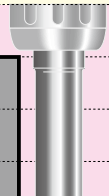
Work material : S50C
Tools : ASM0712S12R-2($\phi 12$ -3NT)
+ASC10-6.5-114-49

Cutting Conditions : $V_c=200$ m/min
 $V_f=800$ m/min
 $a_p \times a_e=5 \times 0.5$ mm $\times 2$
Tool overhang 25mm



High-efficient tooling system and selecting of cutting conditions

- ASM allows for high-efficient machining, with various tool setups, to achieve desired cutting shape.

Features & Cutting Conditions			
	Shank type holder	Modular type holder + Modular arbor	Modular type holder + Carbide Shank
Cutting depth Tool overhang length L / Tool diameter (L/D)	General-purpose combination	Tool overhang length can be minimized. By making effective use of machine tool rigidity, it can be used effectively on small-sized, less rigid machines.	Ability to machine efficiently when long tool overhang lengths are required.
			
	Refer to standard cutting conditions	Refer to standard cutting conditions	Refer to standard cutting conditions
	$L/D \geq 3.5$ [Note] ③ As a general rule, the feed rate per flute (fz) should be reduced to between 50% and 70% of the value listed in the standard cutting conditions and adjusted.	$L/D \geq 3.5$ As a general rule, the feed rate per flute (fz) should be reduced to between 50% and 70% of the value listed in the standard cutting conditions and adjusted.	$L/D \geq 5$ [Note] ④ As a general rule, the feed rate per flute (fz) should be reduced to between 50% and 70% of the value listed in the standard cutting conditions and adjusted.

- [Note] ① This table shows general conditions for shoulder cutting. Adjustments should be made according to machine rigidity or tooling and the shape of the subject for cutting.
- ② When using ASM $\varnothing 20\text{mm}$ to $\varnothing 32\text{mm}$ inserts in a BT30 or BT40 arbor, the use of a combination of modular type holder and modular arbor is recommended. Furthermore, this is not suitable for cutting where $L/D \geq 2$.
- ③ When using an ASM0710S08R-2 or ASM0712S10R-2 undercut type shank, the feed rate per flute (fz) should be reduced to 50~70% of the value listed in the standard cutting conditions.
- ④ When $L/D > 5$ when using the carbide shank: ASC10-6.5-114-49/24, use a feed rate (fz) of 0.3mm/t with a depth (ap) that is less than 0.2mm.

2 kinds of insert geometry

- 2 kinds of inserts are available: Standard type inserts (T-type) and low-cutting force-type inserts.
- Low-resistance cutting force-type inserts reduce cutting force at the corners when pocketing by approximately 10%.

Standard type Insert
(EDMT070220R-T)

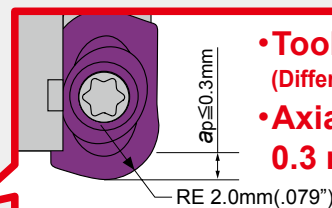


Low-resistance type Insert
(EDMT070220R)



Cutting programs

- Regular R shape is used for corner R. There is no need for an approximate R definition.



- **Tool corner is R2.0mm (.079'')**
(Different from common high-feed tools in that it leaves no uncut areas.)
- **Axial direction cutting depth ap should be set to 0.3 mm (.012'') or less. ($a_p \leq 0.3 \text{ mm}$)**

[Note]

- ① Cutting dia. = DCX - 4(mm)
- ② When performing pocket cutting, be careful of the cutting width (a_e) and generated variations due to remaining work to cut. (Recommended Cutting width $a_e = \text{Cutting dia.} \times 0.5 \sim 0.8(\text{mm})$)
- ③ When cutting the corner area of a vertical wall, setting the tool path corner area to R will achieve more stable cutting.

Technology

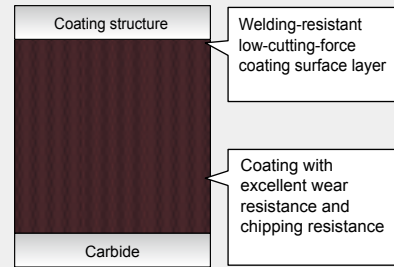
Features of AJ Coating series

- Employs an AlTiN layer with a new composition created by increasing the Al content of conventional layers.
- Excellent wear resistance, chipping resistance, and heat resistance!

New technology!!

- The new layer with high Al content employs a new composition and optimizes the crystal structure to improve wear resistance and chipping resistance!
- Employs a low-friction-effect coating with excellent welding resistance as the top-most surface layer. This reduces welding to the work and decreases cutting force!

Layer structure AJ Coating



PVD Technology

Grade for machining pre-hardened or hardened materials JP4120

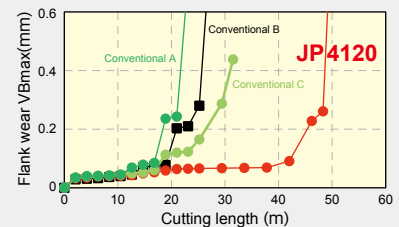
Features

- Employs a fine carbide substrate with an excellent balance between wear resistance and toughness along with the new "AJ Coating" to provide improved wear resistance and chipping resistance.
- Highly versatile with excellent wear resistance and chipping resistance when machining steel materials with hardnesses of 30 to 50 HRC.

Strong fields

- Exhibits excellent cutting performance when machining pre-hardened or hardened steel with hardnesses of 30 to 50 HRC.
- Exhibits excellent wear resistance even on difficult-to-cut diecast tool steel or precipitation-hardened stainless steel, or for finishing.

Cutting performance



Work material : H13(40HRC)
 Tool : ASRT5063R-4 Insert : WDNW140520
 Cutting conditions :
 $v_c=90\text{m/min}$ $f_z=0.8\text{mm/t}$ $a_p \times a_e=1 \times 44\text{mm}$
 Dry ※Single-flute cutting

PVD Technology

Grade for machining stainless-steel materials JM4160

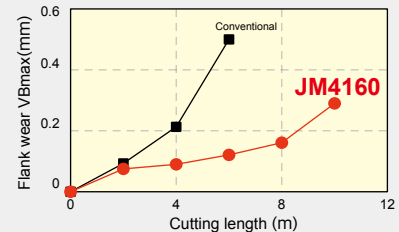
Features

- Employs a carbide substrate with high toughness along with the new "AJ Coating" to improve wear resistance and chipping resistance when machining stainless-steel materials.
- Employs AJ Coating with excellent welding resistance to reduce the welding to work material that occurs when machining stainless steel materials.

Strong fields

- Provides long tool life for general processing of stainless-steel materials

Cutting performance



Work material : 304 Stainless Steel
 Tool : ASRS2032R-5 Insert : EPMT0603EN-8LF
 Cutting conditions :
 $v_c=180\text{m/min}$ $f_z=0.5\text{mm/t}$ $a_p \times a_e=0.8 \times 21\text{mm}$
 Wet ※Single-flute cutting

PVD Technology

Grade for machining high-hardness materials JP4105

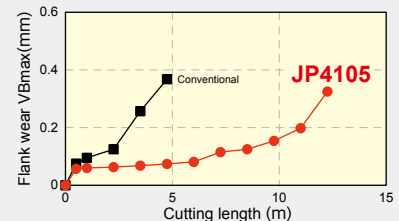
Features

- Employs an ultra-fine cemented carbide substrate along with the new "AJ Coating" to improve wear resistance.
- Excellent wear resistance when machining high hardness materials of 50HRC or higher.

Strong fields

- Ability to machine hardened steels (50 to 60 HRC): H13, D2, 420 Stainless Steel.

Cutting performance



Work material : D2(61HRC) Tool : ASRS2032-5
 Insert : EPNW0603TN-8
 Cutting conditions :
 $v_c=80\text{m/min}$ $f_z=0.2\text{mm/t}$ $a_p \times a_e=0.5 \times 21\text{mm}$
 Dry ※Single-flute cutting

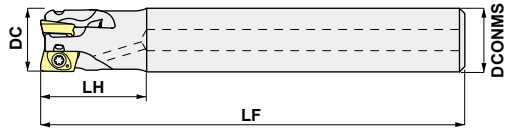
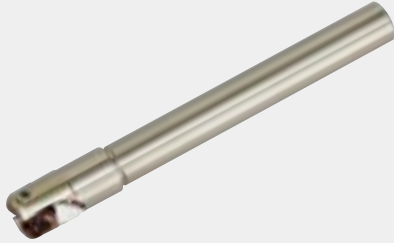
Line Up

Inch

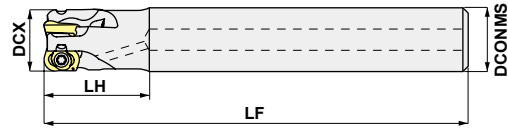
Shank type

IASM07 \square 07 \square 00S \square 00R- \square

Numeric figure in a circle \square and alphabetical character comes in a square \square .



Standard type JDMT insert



Standard type EDMT insert

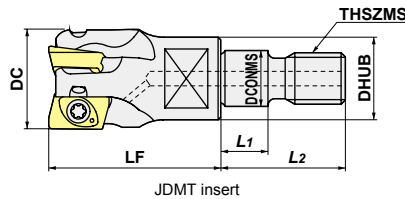
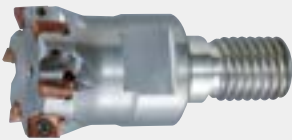
Maximum tightening torque
0.5Nm
Spare screw included

Item code	Stock	# of Flutes	Size (Inch)				Fig	Insert
			DC DCX	LF	LH	DCONMS		
IASM0706S06R-2	●	2	.375	3.0	.75	.375	Standard type	JDMT0702 \square 00R EDMT070220R(-T)
IASM0708S08R-3	●	3	.5	3.0	.75	.5	Standard type	
IASM0710S10R-4	●	4	.625	3.5	1.0	.625	Standard type	
IASM0712S12R-5	●	5	.75	4.0	1.0	.75	Standard type	
IASML0710S10R-4	●	4	.625	4.5	2.0	.625	Standard type	
IASML0712S12R-5	●	5	.75	5.5	2.5	.750	Standard type	

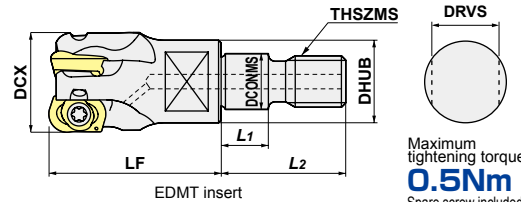
Modular type

IASMM07 \square 00R- \square

Numeric figure in a circle \square .



JDMT insert



EDMT insert

Maximum tightening torque
0.5Nm
Spare screw included

Item code	Stock	# of Flutes	Size (Inch)								Insert
			DC DCX	LF	DCONMS	THSZMS	DHUB	L ₁	L ₂	DRVS	
IASMM0706R-2	●	2	.375	.787	.256	M6	.37	.217	.571	.276	JDMT0702 \square 00R EDMT070220R(-T)
IASMM0708R-3	●	3	.5	.787	.256	M6	.386	.217	.571	.276	
IASMM0710R-4	●	4	.625	.984	.335	M8	.504	.217	.669	.394	
IASMM0712R-5	●	5	.75	1.181	.413	M10	.701	.217	.748	.591	
IASMM0716R-6	●	6	1.0	1.181	.492	M12	.819	.217	.866	.669	
IASMM0720R-8	●	8	1.25	1.181	.669	M16	1.134	.236	.906	.866	

[Note] Do not apply lubricants such as grease, etc. to the "contact faces" and "modular screws" of the "modular mill", "special shanks" and "special arbor".

●: Inventory maintained in US

Line Up

Metric

Shank type

ASM0700S00R-0

Numeric figure in a circle ○ and alphabetical character comes in a square □.

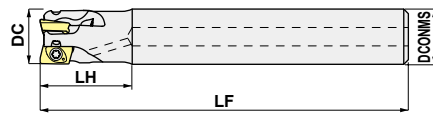


Fig-1 Standard type JDMT insert

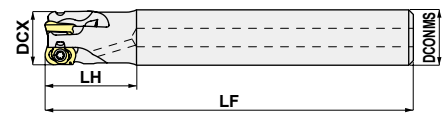


Fig-2 Standard type EDMT insert

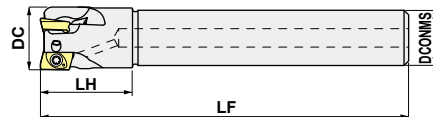


Fig-3 Undercut type JDMT insert

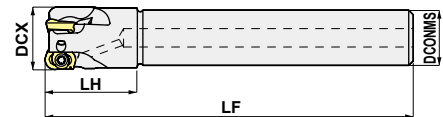


Fig-4 Undercut type EDMT insert

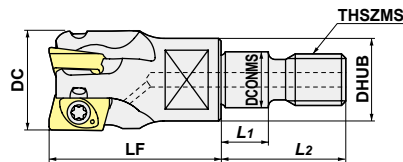
Maximum tightening torque **0.5Nm** Spare screw included

Item code	Stock	# of Flutes	Size (mm)				Fig	Insert
			DC DCX	LF	LH	DCONMS		
ASM0708S10R-1	★	1	8	75	16	10	Standard type (Fig-1,2)	JDMT0702○○R EDMT070220R(-T)
ASM0710S10R-2	●	2	10	80	20	10	Standard type (Fig-1,2)	
ASM0710S08R-2	★	2	10	80	20	8	Undercut type (Fig-3,4)	
ASM0711S10R-2	★	2	11	80	20	10	Undercut type (Fig-3,4)	
ASM0712S12R-3	●	3	12	80	20	12	Standard type (Fig-1,2)	
ASM0712S10R-3	★	3	12	80	20	10	Undercut type (Fig-3,4)	
ASM0714S12R-3	★	3	14	80	20	12	Undercut type (Fig-3,4)	
ASM0716S16R-4	●	4	16	90	25	16	Standard type (Fig-1,2)	
ASML0716S16R-4	●	4	16	115	50	16	Standard type (Fig-1,2)	
ASM0717S16R-4	★	4	17	115	20	16	Undercut type (Fig-3,4)	
ASM0720S20R-5	●	5	20	105	25	20	Standard type (Fig-1,2)	
ASML0720S20R-5	●	5	20	140	60	20	Standard type (Fig-1,2)	
ASM0721S20R-5	★	5	21	140	20	20	Undercut type (Fig-3,4)	

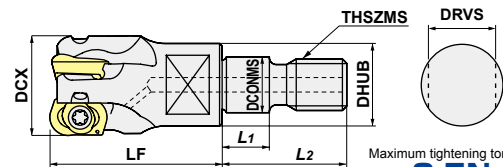
Modular type

ASMM0700R-0

Numeric figure in a circle ○.



JDMT insert



EDMT insert

Maximum tightening torque **0.5Nm**
Spare screw included

Item code	Stock	# of Flutes	Size (mm)								Insert
			DC DCX	LF	DCONMS	THSZMS	DHUB	L ₁	L ₂	DRVS	
ASMM0708R-1	★	1	8	20	6.5	M6	9.8	5.5	14.5	7	JDMT0702○○R EDMT070220R(-T)
ASMM0710R-2	●	2	10	20	6.5	M6	9.4	5.5	14.5	7	
ASMM0711R-2	★	2	11	20	6.5	M6	9.8	5.5	14.5	7	
ASMM0712R-3	●	3	12	20	6.5	M6	9.8	5.5	14.5	7	
ASMM0716R-4	●	4	16	25	8.5	M8	12.8	5.5	17	10	
ASMM0720R-5	●	5	20	30	10.5	M10	17.8	5.5	19	15	
ASMM0725R-6	★	6	25	30	12.5	M12	20.8	5.5	22	17	
ASMM0732R-8	★	8	32	30	17	M16	28.8	6	23	22	

[Note] Do not apply lubricants such as grease, etc. to the "contact faces" and "modular screws" of the "modular mill", "special shanks" and "special arbor".

●: Inventory maintained in US ★: Inventory maintained in Japan

Inserts

Fig-3 JDMT07020R

Insert with 5mm(.197") cutting edge for shoulder cutting
 $a_{pmax}=5.0mm(.197")$

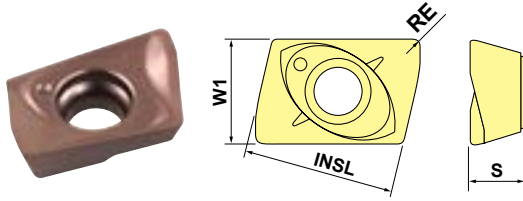
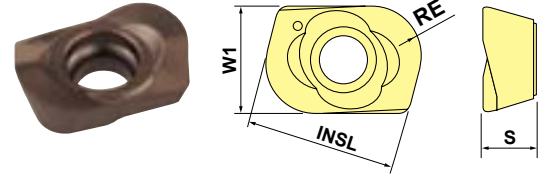


Fig-4 EDMT070220R(-T)

Insert with 2.0mm(.079") corner RE for small-depth, high-feed-rate cutting
 $a_{pmax}=0.3mm(.012")$

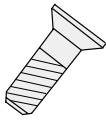




Item code	Tolerance Class	Coating							Size (mm)				Shape
		AJ Coated	JP Coated	JM Coated	TH Coated	DLC Coated	INSL	W1	RE	S			
JDMT070202R	M	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	6.4	4.3	0.2	2.45	Fig-3
JDMT070204R		●	●	●	●	●	●	●	6.4	4.3	0.4	2.45	
JDMT070208R		●	●	●	●	●	●	●	6.4	4.3	0.8	2.45	
EDMT070220R(-T)		●	●	●	●	●			6.4	4.3	2	2.5		Fig-4 Standard type
EDMT070220R		●	●	●	●	●			6.4	4.3	2	2.5	Fig-4 Low-resistance type

■ : General cutting, First recommended

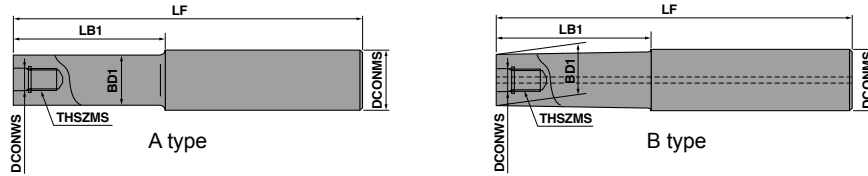
□ : General cutting, Second recommended

Parts

Parts	Clamp screw	Screw Driver	Screw anti-seizure agent
Cutter body			
	Fastening torque (N·m)		
All ASM Cutter	240-140	104-T6	P-37

Line Up

Inch

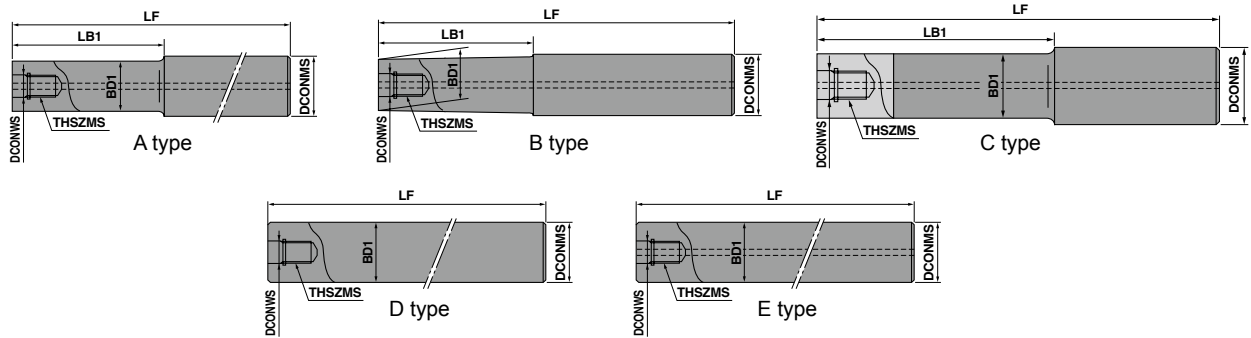


Item code	Stock	Size (Inch)						Type	Cutter body	Coolant hole
		DCONWS	THSZMS	LF	LB1	BD1	DCONMS			
IASC0.375-M6-3-1	●	6.5mm	M6	3	1	.3661	.375	A	$\phi 3/8''^{*1}$ $\phi 1/2''$ $\phi 8\text{mm}^{*1}$ $\phi 10\text{mm}^{*1}$ $\phi 11\text{mm}^{*1}$ $\phi 12\text{mm}^{*1}$	—
IASC0.5-M6-4-2	●		M6	4	2	.453	.5	A		—
IASC0.5-M6-6-3	●		M6	6	3	.453	.5	A		—
IASC0.625-M8-4-2	●	8.5mm	M8	4	2	.571	.625	B	$\phi 5/8''^{*1}$ $\phi 16\text{mm}$	○
IASC0.625-M8-6-3	●		M8	6	3	.571	.625	B		○
IASC0.75-M10-5-2.5Z	●	10.5mm	M10	5	2.5	.689	.75	B	$\phi 3/4''^{*1}$ $\phi 20\text{mm}$	○
IASC0.75-M10-8-4Z	●		M10	8	4	.689	.75	B		○
IASC1-M12-6-3Z	●	12.5mm	M12	6	3	.906	1	B	$\phi 1''^{*1}$ $\phi 25\text{mm}^{*1}$	○
IASC1-M12-8-4Z	●		M12	8	4	.906	1	B		○

●= Inventory Maintained in US ○= Tool with coolant hole

※1 Cutter Dia. is same or smaller than the shank dia.. Interference may occurs.

Metric



Item code	Stock	Size (mm)						Type	Cutter body	Coolant hole	
		DCONWS	THSZMS	LF	LB1	BD1	DCONMS				
NEW ASC10-6.5-74-24Z	●	6.5	M6	74	24	9.3	10	A	φ8 ^{*1} φ10 ^{*1} φ11 φ3/8 ^{''*1} φ1/2 ^{''*1}	○	
NEW ASC10-6.5-84-34Z	●			84	34			A		○	
NEW ASC10-6.5-114-49Z	★			114	49			A		○	
NEW ASC10-6.5-114-24Z	★				24	A		○			
NEW ASC12-6.5-74-24Z	●	6.5	M6	74	24	11	12	B	φ16 ^{*1} φ5/8 ^{''*1}	○	
NEW ASC12-6.5-94-44Z	●			94	44			B		○	
ASC12-M6-100-0	●			100	-	12		D		-	
NEW ASC12-6.5-129-64Z	★			129	64	11		B		○	
NEW ASC12-6.5-129-24Z	★		24	B	○						
ASC16-8.5-95-30Z	●	8.5	M8	95	30	14.5	16	B	φ16 ^{*1} φ5/8 ^{''*1}	○	
ASC16-8.5-120-55Z	●			120	55						
ASC16-8.5-140-75Z	●			140	75						
ASC16-8.5-160-95Z	★			160	95						
ASC16-8.5-160-30Z	★			160	30						
ASC18-M10-125-0Z	●	10.5	M10	125	-	18	18	E	φ20 ^{*1} φ3/4 ^{''*1}	○	
ASC20-10.5-120-50Z	★			120	50	18.5	20	B		○	
ASC20-10.5-170-90Z	●			170	90						
ASC20-10.5-220-120Z	●			220	120						
ASC20-10.5-270-150Z	★	270	150								
ASC20-10.5-220-50Z	★	10.5	M10	220	50	18.5	20	B	○		
ASC20-10.5-270-50Z	★			270							
ASC25-12.5-145-65	★	12.5	M12	145	65	23	25	C	φ25 ^{*1} φ1"	○	
ASC25-M12-150-0Z	●			150	-	25					C
ASC25-12.5-215-115	●			215	115	23					
ASC25-12.5-265-145	●			265	145						
ASC25-12.5-315-195	★			315	195						
ASC25-12.5-265-65	★	12.5	M12	265	65	23	25	C	○		
ASC25-12.5-315-65	★			315							
ASC32-17-160-80	★	17	M16	160	80	28	32	C	φ30 ^{*1} φ32 ^{*1} φ1.25 ^{''*1}	○	
ASC32-17-210-110	●			210	110						
ASC32-17-260-140	●			260	140						
ASC32-17-310-190	★			310	190						
ASC32-17-360-240	★			360	240						
ASC32-17-260-80	★	17	M16	260	80	28	32	C	○		
ASC32-17-310-80	★			310							
ASC32-17-360-80	★			360							

●= Inventory Maintained in US ★= Inventory Maintained in Japan ○= Tool with coolant hole

※1 Cutter Dia. is same or smaller than the shank dia.. Interference may occurs.

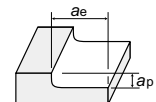
Recommended Cutting Conditions (Inch)

Side Milling standard cutting conditions for EDMT-type inserts : Low cutting depth, high feed rate

※Red indicates primary recommended grade.

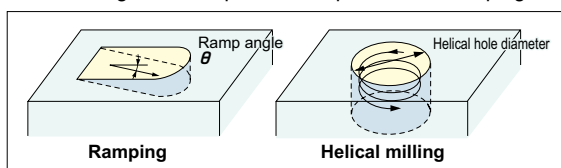
Work material	Recommended grade	Tool dia.	φ.375 / 2 Flutes	φ.5 / 3 Flutes	φ.625 / 4 Flutes	φ.75 / 5 Flutes	φ1 / 6 Flutes	φ1.25 / 8 Flutes
Carbon Steel Alloy Steel <30HRC	※ JP4120 (SFM=328~590)	$n(\text{min}^{-1})$	4,000	3,000	2,408	2,007	1,505	1,204
		SFM	394	394	394	394	394	394
		IPM	~189	~212	~303	~316	~284	~303
		IPT	~.024	~.024	~.032	~.032	~.032	~.032
		$a_p(\text{inch})$	.012	.012	.012	.012	.012	.012
		$a_e(\text{inch})$	~.1875	~.291	~.39	~.412	~.68	~.859
		$Q(\text{inch}^3/\text{min})$	.427	.732	1.403	1.525	2.258	3.051
		Carbon Steel Alloy Steel 30~40HRC	JP4120 (SFM=328~524)	$n(\text{min}^{-1})$	3,667	2,750	2,200	1,833	1,375	1,100
SFM	360			360	360	360	360	360
IPM	~173			~194.7	~277	~288.7	~260	~277.2
IPT	~.024			~.024	~.032	~.032	~.032	~.032
$a_p(\text{inch})$	.012			.012	.012	.012	.012	.012
$a_e(\text{inch})$	~.1875			~.291	~.39	~.412	~.68	~.859
$Q(\text{inch}^3/\text{min})$	.366			.671	1.281	1.403	2.075	2.807
Hardened Steel 40~50HRC	JP4120 (SFM=262~393)			$n(\text{min}^{-1})$	3,005	2,254	1,803	1,502	1,127	900
		SFM	295	295	295	295	295	295
		IPM	~94.4	~106.2	~170.2	~177.2	~159.6	~170
		IPT	~.016	~.016	~.024	~.024	~.024	~.024
		$a_p(\text{inch})$	.012	.012	.012	.012	.012	.012
		$a_e(\text{inch})$	~.1875	~.291	~.39	~.412	~.68	~.859
		$Q(\text{inch}^3/\text{min})$	.183	.366	.793	.854	1.281	1.709
		Stainless Steel	JM4160 JP4120 (SFM=262~393)	$n(\text{min}^{-1})$	3,005	2,254	1,803	1,502	1,127	900
SFM	295			295	295	295	295	295
IPM	~94.4			~106.2	~170.2	~177.2	~159.6	~170
IPT	~.016			~.016	~.024	~.024	~.024	~.024
$a_p(\text{inch})$	.012			.012	.012	.012	.012	.012
$a_e(\text{inch})$	~.1875			~.291	~.39	~.412	~.68	~.859
$Q(\text{inch}^3/\text{min})$	.183			.366	.793	.854	1.281	1.709
Cast Iron/ Ductile Cast Iron	JP4120 (SFM=363~720)			$n(\text{min}^{-1})$	5,011	3,759	3,007	2,506	1,879	1,503
		SFM	492	492	492	492	492	492
		IPM	~236.5	~266.1	~378.9	~394.7	~355.1	~378.8
		IPT	~.024	~.024	~.032	~.032	~.032	~.032
		$a_p(\text{inch})$	.012	.012	.012	.012	.012	.012
		$a_e(\text{inch})$	~.1875	~.291	~.39	~.412	~.68	~.859
		$Q(\text{inch}^3/\text{min})$	.549	.915	1.77	1.953	2.868	3.845
		Hardened Steel 50~60HRC	JP4105 JP4120 (SFM=197~328)	$n(\text{min}^{-1})$	2,007	1,505	1,204	1,003	752	600
SFM	197			197	197	197	197	197
IPM	~47.4			~53.3	~75.6	~78.7	~70.8	~75.3
IPT	~.012			~.012	~.016	~.016	~.016	~.016
$a_p(\text{inch})$	.008			.008	.008	.008	.008	.008
$a_e(\text{inch})$	~.1875			~.291	~.39	~.412	~.68	~.859
$Q(\text{inch}^3/\text{min})$	.061			.122	.183	.183	.366	.488

- [Note] ① Use the appropriate coolant for the work material and machining shape.
 ② These conditions are for general guidance; in actual machining conditions adjust the parameters according to your actual machine and work-piece conditions.
 ③ For slotting or ramping, feed rate should be set to 70% as general criteria.
 ④ Ensure to index the insert at the correct time to ensure safety of the tool-body.
 ⑤ The evacuation of swarf can cause burns, cuts or damage to the eyes please ensure the correct safety cover is fitted around the machine, and necessary personal protection equipment is worn by the machine operator.
 ⑥ Due to fire risks do not use neat cutting oil as a coolant.



Ramping with EDMT-type inserts

Since the cutting flute does not extend to the center, there are limitations on the ramp angle and hole diameter, but as shown below, cutting by direct milling without a pilot hole is possible for ramping and helical milling. (inch)



Inserts	EDMT0702					
Tool dia.	φ.375	φ.5	φ.625	φ.75	φ1	φ1.25
Recommended θ	Less than 0.5 °					
Hole Dia	.512"~.748"	.670"~.905"	.985"~1.22"	1.30"~1.535"	1.693"~1.929"	2.245"~2.49"

- [Note] ① Use the appropriate coolant for the work material and machining shape.
 ② These conditions are for general guidance; in actual machining conditions adjust the parameters according to your actual machine and work-piece conditions.
 ③ For hole diameters outside the ranges listed above, a pilot hole should be drilled before milling.

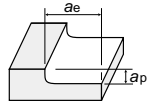
Recommended Cutting Conditions (Metric)

Side Milling standard cutting conditions for EDMT-type inserts : Low cutting depth, high feed rate

※Red indicates primary recommended grade.

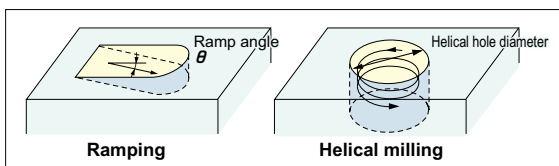
Work material	Recommended grade	Tool dia.	φ8 / 1 Flute	φ10 / 2 Flutes	φ12 / 3 Flutes	φ14 / 3 Flutes	φ16 / 4 Flutes	φ20 / 5 Flutes	φ25 / 6 Flutes	φ32 / 8 Flutes	
Carbon Steel Alloy Steel <30HRC	※ JP4120 (vc=100~180)	n (min ⁻¹)	4,780	3,820	3,180	2,730	2,390	1,910	1,530	1,190	
		vc (m/min)	120	120	120	120	120	120	120	120	120
		vf (mm/min)	~2,870	~4,590	~5,730	~6,550	~7,640	~7,640	~7,340	~7,640	
		fz (mm/t)	~0.6	~0.6	~0.6	~0.8	~0.8	~0.8	~0.8	~0.8	
		ap (mm)	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	
		ae (mm)	~3	~5	~7	~8	~10	~11	~17	~22	
		Q (cm ³ /min)	3	7	12	16	23	25	37	50	
		Carbon Steel Alloy Steel 30~40HRC	JP4120 (vc=100~160)	n (min ⁻¹)	4,380	3,500	2,920	2,500	2,190	1,750	1,400	1,090
vc (m/min)	110			110	110	110	110	110	110	110	
vf (mm/min)	~2,630			~4,200	~5,260	~6,010	~7,010	~7,010	~6,730	~7,010	
fz (mm/t)	~0.6			~0.6	~0.6	~0.8	~0.8	~0.8	~0.8	~0.8	
ap (mm)	0.3			0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	
ae (mm)	~3			~5	~7	~8	~10	~11	~17	~22	
Q (cm ³ /min)	2			6	11	14	21	23	34	46	
Hardened Steel 40~50HRC	JP4120 (vc=80~120)			n (min ⁻¹)	3,580	2,870	2,390	2,050	1,790	1,430	1,150	900
		vc (m/min)	90	90	90	90	90	90	90	90	
		vf (mm/min)	~1,430	~2,290	~2,870	~3,690	~4,300	~4,300	~4,130	~4,300	
		fz (mm/t)	~0.4	~0.4	~0.4	~0.6	~0.6	~0.6	~0.6	~0.6	
		ap (mm)	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	
		ae (mm)	~3	~5	~7	~8	~10	~11	~17	~22	
		Q (cm ³ /min)	1	3	6	9	13	14	21	28	
		Stainless Steel	JM4160 JP4120 (vc=80~120)	n (min ⁻¹)	3,580	2,870	2,390	2,050	1,790	1,430	1,150	900
vc (m/min)	90			90	90	90	90	90	90	90	
vf (mm/min)	~1,430			~2,290	~2,870	~3,690	~4,300	~4,300	~4,130	~4,300	
fz (mm/t)	~0.4			~0.4	~0.4	~0.6	~0.6	~0.6	~0.6	~0.6	
ap (mm)	0.3			0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	
ae (mm)	~3			~5	~7	~8	~10	~11	~17	~22	
Q (cm ³ /min)	1			3	6	9	13	14	21	28	
Cast Iron/ Ductile Cast Iron	JP4120 (vc=120~220)			n (min ⁻¹)	5,970	4,780	3,980	3,410	2,990	2,390	1,910	1,490
		vc (m/min)	150	150	150	150	150	150	150	150	
		vf (mm/min)	~3,580	~5,730	~7,170	~8,190	~9,550	~9,550	~9,170	~9,550	
		fz (mm/t)	~0.6	~0.6	~0.6	~0.8	~0.8	~0.8	~0.8	~0.8	
		ap (mm)	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	
		ae (mm)	~3	~5	~7	~8	~10	~11	~17	~22	
		Q (cm ³ /min)	3	9	15	20	29	32	47	63	
		Hardened Steel 50~60HRC	JP4105 JP4120 (vc=60~100)	n (min ⁻¹)	2,390	1,910	1,590	1,360	1,190	950	760	600
vc (m/min)	60			60	60	60	60	60	60	60	
vf (mm/min)	~720			~1,150	~1,430	~1,630	~1,900	~1,900	~1,820	~1,900	
fz (mm/t)	~0.3			~0.3	~0.3	~0.4	~0.4	~0.4	~0.4	~0.4	
ap (mm)	0.2			0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	
ae (mm)	~3			~5	~7	~8	~10	~11	~17	~22	
Q (cm ³ /min)	0.4			1	2	2	3	3	6	8	

- [Note] ① Use the appropriate coolant for the work material and machining shape.
 ② These conditions are for general guidance; in actual machining conditions adjust the parameters according to your actual machine and work-piece conditions.
 ③ For slotting or ramping, feed rate should be set to 70% as general criteria.
 ④ Ensure to index the insert at the correct time to ensure safety of the tool-body.
 ⑤ The evacuation of swarf can cause burns, cuts or damage to the eyes please ensure the correct safety cover is fitted around the machine, and necessary personal protection equipment is worn by the machine operator.
 ⑥ Due to fire risks do not use neat cutting oil as a coolant.
 ⑦ When using an ASM0710S08R-2 or ASM0712S10R-2 undercut type shank, as a general rule the feed rate per flute (fz) should be reduced to 50~70% of the value listed in the standard cutting conditions.



Ramping with EDMT-type inserts

Since the cutting flute does not extend to the center, there are limitations on the ramp angle and hole diameter, but as shown below, cutting by direct milling without a pilot hole is possible for ramping and helical milling. (mm)



Inserts	EDMT0702									
	φ8	φ10	φ12	φ14	φ16	φ17	φ20	φ21	φ25	φ32
Tool dia.										
Recommended θ	Less than 0.5°									
Hole Dia	10~15	13~19	17~23	21~27	25~31	27~33	33~39	35~41	43~49	57~63

- [Note] ① Use the appropriate coolant for the work material and machining shape.
 ② These conditions are for general guidance; in actual machining conditions adjust the parameters according to your actual machine and work-piece conditions.
 ③ For hole diameters outside the ranges listed above, a pilot hole should be drilled before milling.

Recommended Cutting Conditions (Inch)

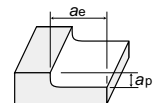
Side Milling standard cutting conditions for JDMT-type inserts

It is make standard that the depth cut a_p and the cutting width a_e be as shown in Tool Overhang (OH) and Cutting Region on the Page 13.
Work Hardness > Please use the conditions in the table as a guideline for the cut depth a_p and width a_e of 40HRC.

※Red indicates primary recommended grade.

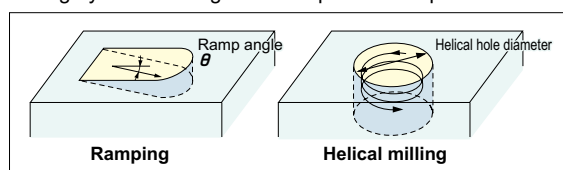
Work material	Recommended grade	Cutting speed (SFM) Feed rate per tooth (IPT)	Tool dia.	ϕ .375 /	ϕ .5 /	ϕ .625 /	ϕ .75 /	ϕ 1 /	ϕ 1.25 /
				2 Flutes	3 Flutes	4 Flutes	5 Flutes	6 Flutes	8 Flutes
Carbon Steel Alloy Steel <30HRC	※ JP4120 PTH30E	SFM=492~656	$n(\text{min}^{-1})$	5,730	4,780	3,580	2,870	2,290	1,790
			SFM	590	590	590	590	590	590
		IPT=.002~.004	IPM	31.5	39.4	39.4	39.4	37.8	39.4
			IPT	.00275	.00275	.00275	.00275	.00275	.00275
Die Tool Steel <30HRC	JP4120 PTH30E	SFM=426~590	$n(\text{min}^{-1})$	4,780	3,980	2,990	2,390	1,910	1,490
			SFM	492	492	492	492	492	492
		IPT=.002~.003	IPM	22.4	28.3	28.3	28.3	27.2	28.3
			IPT	.00236	.00236	.00236	.00236	.00236	.00236
Pre-Hardened Steel Alloy Steel Die Tool Steel 30~40HRC	JP4120 PTH30E	SFM=328~492	$n(\text{min}^{-1})$	3,820	3,180	2,390	1,910	1,530	1,190
			SFM	394	394	394	394	394	394
		IPT=.002~.003	IPM	18.1	22.4	22.4	22.4	21.7	22.4
			IPT	.00236	.00236	.00236	.00236	.00236	.00236
Pre-Hardened Steel Alloy Steel Die Tool Steel 40~50HRC	JP4120	SFM=262~394	$n(\text{min}^{-1})$	2,860	2,390	1,790	1,430	1,150	900
			SFM	295	295	295	295	295	295
		IPT=.002~.003	IPM	13.4	16.9	16.9	16.9	16.1	16.9
			IPT	.00236	.00236	.00236	.00236	.00236	.00236
		$a_p(\text{inch})$	.079	.079	.079	.079	.079	.079	
		$a_e(\text{inch})$	.05DC	.05DC	.05DC	.05DC	.05DC	.05DC	
Stainless Steel	JM4160 PTH30E JP4120	SFM=328~492	$n(\text{min}^{-1})$	3,820	3,180	2,390	1,910	1,530	1,190
			SFM	394	394	394	394	394	394
		IPT=.002~.004	IPM	18.1	22.4	22.4	22.4	21.7	22.4
			IPT	.00236	.00236	.00236	.00236	.00236	.00236
Cast Iron/ Ductile Cast Iron	JP4120 PTH30E	SFM=426~590	$n(\text{min}^{-1})$	4,780	3,980	2,990	2,390	1,910	1,490
			SFM	492	492	492	492	492	492
		IPT=.002~.004	IPM	26.4	33.1	33.1	33.1	31.5	33.1
			IPT	.00275	.00275	.00275	.00275	.00275	.00275
Aluminum Alloy (Wet Condition)	SD5010 PTH30E JP4120	SFM=656~1,640	$n(\text{min}^{-1})$	9,550	7,960	5,970	4,780	3,820	2,990
			SFM	984	984	984	984	984	984
		IPT=.002~.005	IPM	60.2	75.2	75.2	75.2	72	75.2
			IPT	.00315	.00315	.00315	.00315	.00315	.00315
Hardened Steel 50~60HRC	JP4105 JP4120	SFM=197~328	$n(\text{min}^{-1})$	1,910	1,590	1,190	950	760	600
			SFM	197	197	197	197	197	197
		IPT=.002~.003	IPM	9.0	11.4	11.4	11.4	10.6	11.4
			IPT	.00236	.00236	.00236	.00236	.00236	.00236
		$a_p(\text{inch})$	.079	.079	.079	.079	.079	.079	
		$a_e(\text{inch})$	.05DC	.05DC	.05DC	.05DC	.05DC	.05DC	

- [Note] ① Use the appropriate coolant for the work material and machining shape.
② These conditions are for general guidance; in actual machining conditions adjust the parameters according to your actual machine and work-piece conditions.
③ For slotting or ramping, feed rate should be set to 70% as general criteria.
④ Ensure to index the insert at the correct time to ensure safety of the tool-body.
⑤ The evacuation of swarf can cause burns, cuts or damage to the eyes please ensure the correct safety cover is fitted around the machine, and necessary personal protection equipment is worn by the machine operator.
⑥ Due to fire risks do not use neat cutting oil as a coolant.



Ramping with JDMT-type inserts

Since the cutting flute does not extend to the center, there are limitations on the ramp angle and hole diameter, but as shown below, cutting by direct milling without a pilot hole is possible for ramping and helical milling.



Inserts	JDMT0702					
	ϕ .375	ϕ .5	ϕ .625	ϕ .75	ϕ 1	ϕ 1.25
Recommended θ	Less than 1°					
Hole Dia	.512"~.748"	.670"~.905"	.985"~1.22"	1.30"~1.535"	1.693"~1.929"	2.245"~2.49"

- [Note] ① Use the appropriate coolant for the work material and machining shape.
② These conditions are for general guidance; in actual machining conditions adjust the parameters according to your actual machine and work-piece conditions.
③ For hole diameters outside the ranges listed above, a pilot hole should be drilled before milling.

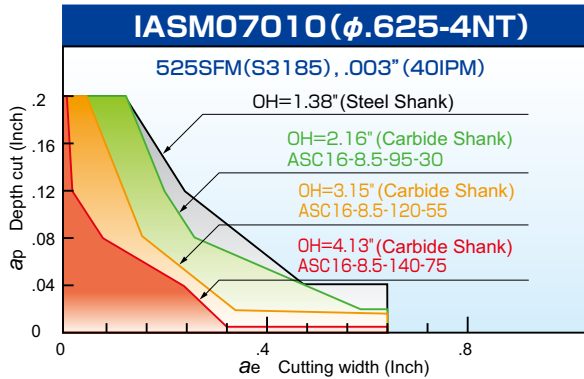
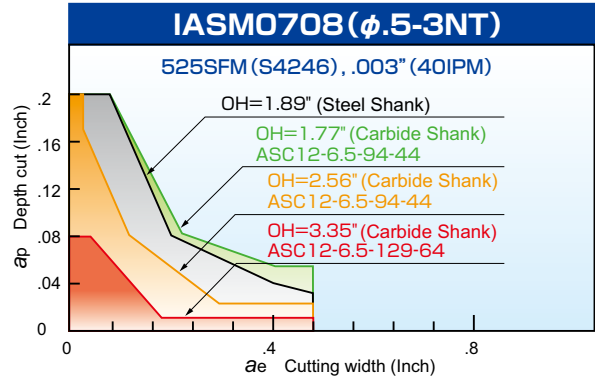
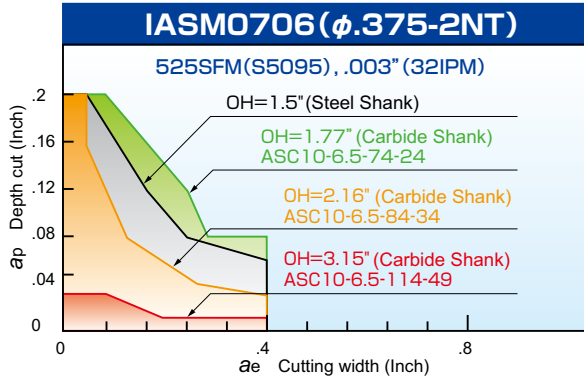
Field data (Inch)

Relation between Tool Overhang (OH) and Limits of the cutting region

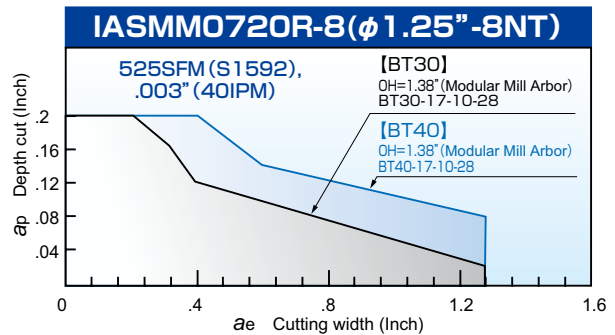
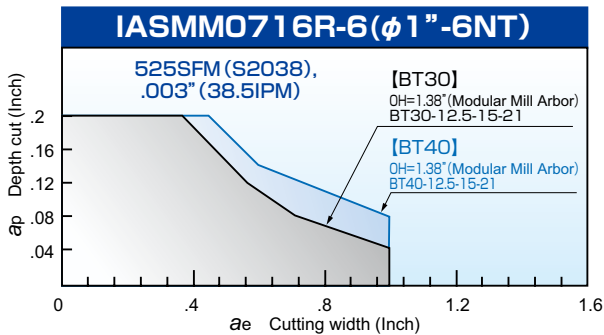


The cutting region curves shown below indicate criteria for selecting cutting conditions at each overhang (OH). If chattering occurs near the limits of the cutting region, make adjustments by reducing the per-flute feed rate (f_z).

Milling Conditions | Machine : BT30 5.5/3.7kw
Work material : Carbon Steel Cutting Conditions : 525SFM, .003"
 a_e Cutting width (Inch)



Milling Conditions | Machine : BT40 11kw
Work material : Carbon Steel Cutting Conditions : 525SFM, .003"



Recommended Cutting Conditions (Metric)

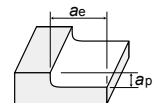
Side Milling standard cutting conditions for JDMT-type inserts

It is make standard that the depth cut a_p and the cutting width a_e be as shown in Tool Overhang (OH) and Cutting Region on the Page 15.
Work Hardness > Please use the conditions in the table as a guideline for the cut depth a_p and width a_e of 40HRC.

※Red indicates primary recommended grade.

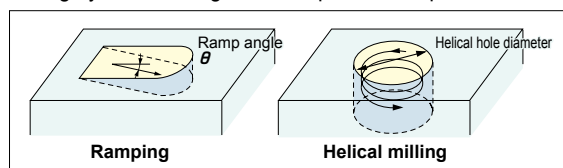
Work material	Recommended grade	Cutting speed v_c (m/min) Feed rate per tooth f_z (mm/t)	Tool dia.	$\phi 8$ /	$\phi 10$ /	$\phi 12$ /	$\phi 14$ /	$\phi 16$ /	$\phi 20$ /	$\phi 25$ /	$\phi 32$ /
				1 Flute	2 flutes	3 Flutes	3 Flutes	4 Flutes	5 Flutes	6 Flutes	8 Flutes
Carbon Steel Alloy Steel <30HRC	※ JP4120 PTH30E	$v_c=150\sim 200$	$n(\text{min}^{-1})$	7,170	5,730	4,780	4,090	3,580	2,870	2,290	1,790
			$v_c(\text{m/min})$	180	180	180	180	180	180	180	180
		$f_z=0.04\sim 0.09$	$vf(\text{mm/min})$	500	800	1,000	860	1,000	1,000	960	1,000
			$f_z(\text{mm/t})$	0.07	0.07	0.07	0.07	0.07	0.07	0.07	0.07
Die Tool Steel <30HRC	JP4120 PTH30E	$v_c=130\sim 180$	$n(\text{min}^{-1})$	5,970	4,780	3,980	3,410	2,990	2,390	1,910	1,490
			$v_c(\text{m/min})$	150	150	150	150	150	150	150	150
		$f_z=0.04\sim 0.07$	$vf(\text{mm/min})$	360	570	720	610	720	720	690	720
			$f_z(\text{mm/t})$	0.06	0.06	0.06	0.06	0.06	0.06	0.06	0.06
Pre-Hardened Steel Alloy Steel Die Tool Steel 30~40HRC	JP4120 PTH30E	$v_c=100\sim 150$	$n(\text{min}^{-1})$	4,780	3,820	3,180	2,730	2,390	1,910	1,530	1,190
			$v_c(\text{m/min})$	120	120	120	120	120	120	120	120
		$f_z=0.04\sim 0.07$	$vf(\text{mm/min})$	290	460	570	490	570	570	550	570
			$f_z(\text{mm/t})$	0.06	0.06	0.06	0.06	0.06	0.06	0.06	0.06
Pre-Hardened Steel Alloy Steel Die Tool Steel 40~50HRC	JP4120	$v_c=80\sim 120$	$n(\text{min}^{-1})$	3,580	2,860	2,390	2,050	1,790	1,430	1,150	900
			$v_c(\text{m/min})$	90	90	90	90	90	90	90	90
		$f_z=0.04\sim 0.07$	$vf(\text{mm/min})$	220	340	430	370	430	430	410	430
			$f_z(\text{mm/t})$	0.06	0.06	0.06	0.06	0.06	0.06	0.06	0.06
		$a_p(\text{mm})$		2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
			$a_e(\text{mm})$	0.05DC	0.05DC	0.05DC	0.05DC	0.05DC	0.05DC	0.05DC	0.05DC
Stainless Steel	JM4160 PTH30E JP4120	$v_c=100\sim 150$	$n(\text{min}^{-1})$	4,780	3,820	3,180	2,730	2,390	1,910	1,530	1,190
			$v_c(\text{m/min})$	120	120	120	120	120	120	120	120
		$f_z=0.04\sim 0.09$	$vf(\text{mm/min})$	290	460	570	490	570	570	550	570
			$f_z(\text{mm/t})$	0.06	0.06	0.06	0.06	0.06	0.06	0.06	0.06
Cast Iron/ Ductile Cast Iron	JP4120 PTH30E	$v_c=130\sim 180$	$n(\text{min}^{-1})$	5,970	4,780	3,980	3,410	2,990	2,390	1,910	1,490
			$v_c(\text{m/min})$	150	150	150	150	150	150	150	150
		$f_z=0.04\sim 0.10$	$vf(\text{mm/min})$	420	670	840	720	840	840	800	840
			$f_z(\text{mm/t})$	0.07	0.07	0.07	0.07	0.07	0.07	0.07	0.07
Aluminum Alloy (Wet Condition)	SD5010 PTH30E JP4120	$v_c=200\sim 500$	$n(\text{min}^{-1})$	11,940	9,550	7,960	6,820	5,970	4,780	3,820	2,990
			$v_c(\text{m/min})$	300	300	300	300	300	300	300	300
		$f_z=0.04\sim 0.12$	$vf(\text{mm/min})$	960	1,530	1,910	1,640	1,910	1,910	1,830	1,910
			$f_z(\text{mm/t})$	0.08	0.08	0.08	0.08	0.08	0.08	0.08	0.08
Hardened Steel 50~60HRC	JP4105 JP4120	$v_c=60\sim 100$	$n(\text{min}^{-1})$	2,390	1,910	1,590	1,360	1,190	950	760	600
			$v_c(\text{m/min})$	60	60	60	60	60	60	60	60
		$f_z=0.04\sim 0.07$	$vf(\text{mm/min})$	140	230	290	240	290	290	270	290
			$f_z(\text{mm/t})$	0.06	0.06	0.06	0.06	0.06	0.06	0.06	0.06
		$a_p(\text{mm})$		2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
			$a_e(\text{mm})$	0.05DC	0.05DC	0.05DC	0.05DC	0.05DC	0.05DC	0.05DC	0.05DC

- [Note] ① Use the appropriate coolant for the work material and machining shape.
② These conditions are for general guidance; in actual machining conditions adjust the parameters according to your actual machine and work-piece conditions.
③ For slotting or ramping, feed rate should be set to 70% as general criteria.
④ Ensure to index the insert at the correct time to ensure safety of the tool-body.
⑤ The evacuation of swarf can cause burns, cuts or damage to the eyes please ensure the correct safety cover is fitted around the machine, and necessary personal protection equipment is worn by the machine operator.
⑥ Due to fire risks do not use neat cutting oil as a coolant.



Ramping with JDMT-type inserts

Since the cutting flute does not extend to the center, there are limitations on the ramp angle and hole diameter, but as shown below, cutting by direct milling without a pilot hole is possible for ramping and helical milling.



Inserts	JDMT0702									
	$\phi 8$	$\phi 10$	$\phi 12$	$\phi 14$	$\phi 16$	$\phi 17$	$\phi 20$	$\phi 21$	$\phi 25$	$\phi 32$
Tool dia.										
Recommended θ	Less than 1°									
Hole Dia	10~15	13~19	17~23	21~27	25~31	27~33	33~39	35~41	43~49	57~63

- [Note] ① Use the appropriate coolant for the work material and machining shape.
② These conditions are for general guidance; in actual machining conditions adjust the parameters according to your actual machine and work-piece conditions.
③ For hole diameters outside the ranges listed above, a pilot hole should be drilled before milling.

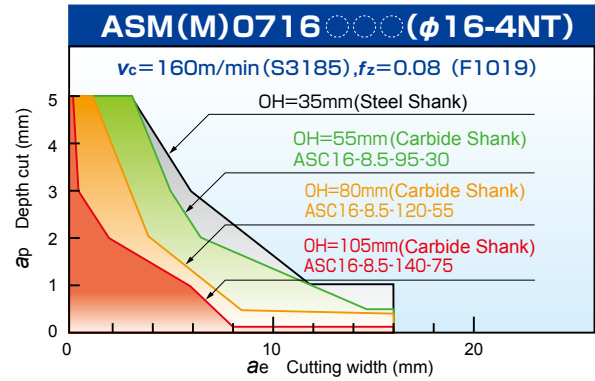
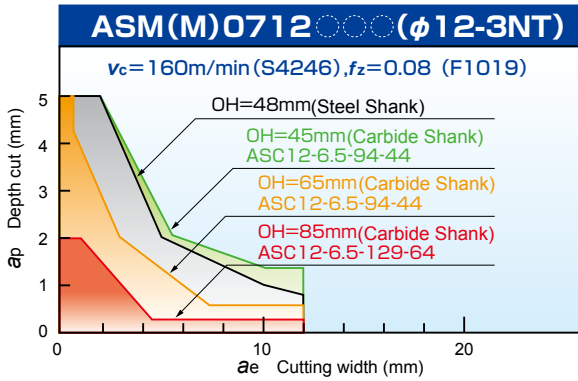
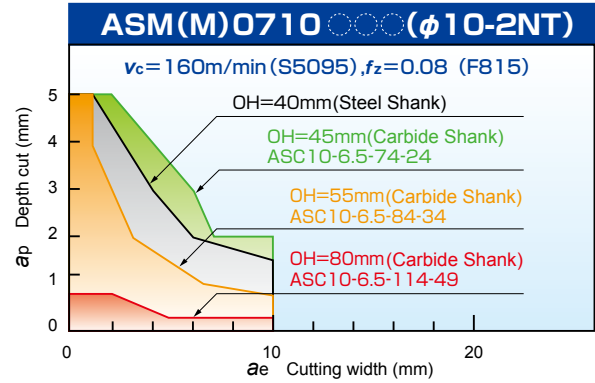
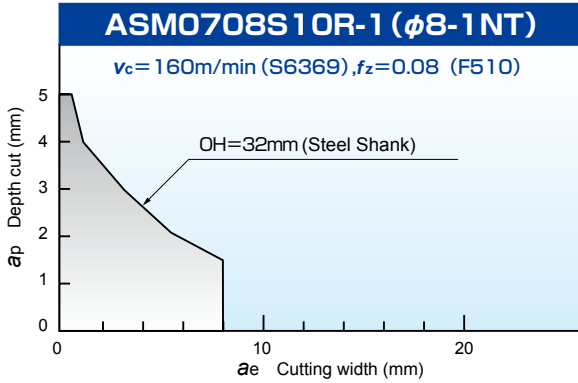
Field data (Metric)

Relation between Tool Overhang (OH) and Limits of the cutting region

The cutting region curves shown below indicate criteria for selecting cutting conditions at each overhang (OH). If chattering occurs near the limits of the cutting region, make adjustments by reducing the per-flute feed rate (f_z).

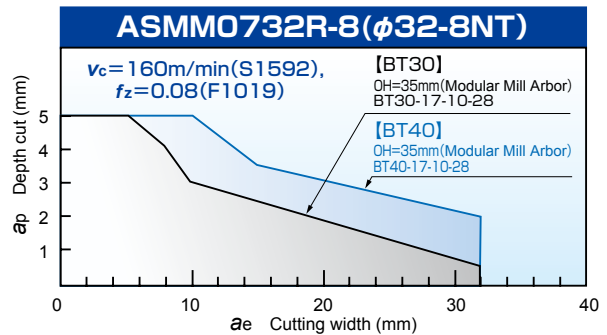
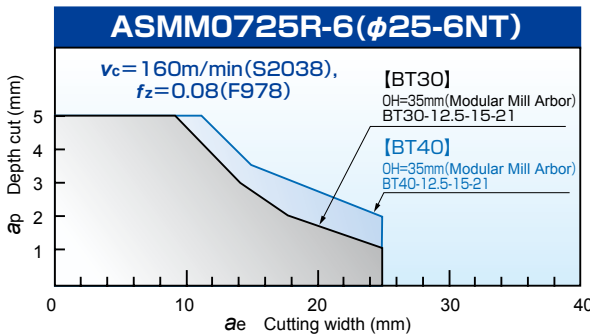


Milling Conditions | Machine : BT30 5.5/3.7kw
Work material : Carbon Steel | Cutting Conditions : $v_c=160\text{m/min}$, $f_z=0.08\text{mm/t}$



※As a general rule, the cutting amount for ASM0710S08R-2 undercut type shank should be set within 50% of the cutting region for ASM0710S10R-2, and the cutting amount for ASM0712S10R-2 should be set within the cutting region for ASM0710S10R-2.

Milling Conditions | Machine : BT40 11kw
Work material : Carbon Steel | Cutting Conditions : $v_c=160\text{m/min}$, $f_z=0.08\text{mm/t}$



Field data

No.	Tool dia. DC(mm)	Cutter	Insert	Work material	Test conditions	Result <small>Note</small>
1	12	ASM0712S12R-3	JDMT070204R (Material equivalent to P30)	304 Stainless Steel	$v_c=120\text{m/min}$, $v_f=670\text{mm/min}$ $a_p \times a_e=1 \times 8\text{mm}$, Dry	1.5times tool life of insert tools from conventional.
2	20	ASMM0720R-5	EDMT070220R (Material equivalent to P10)	40HRC Pre-hardened Steel	$v_c=90\text{m/min}$, $v_f=4,300\text{mm/min}$ $a_p \times a_e=0.3 \times 10\text{mm}$, Dry	Good cutting performance and good tool life with O.H.80mm.
3	10	ASMM0710R-2	JDMT070208R (SD5010)	Graphite	$v_c=1,000\text{m/min}$, $v_f=10,000\text{mm/min}$ $a_p \times a_e=0.6 \times 4.0\text{mm}$, Dry	Good cutting performance with O.H.90mm. 2×the tool life of conventional products.

Cutting conditions for aluminum alloy and copper

<Shoulder cutting> : $a_e=0.5D$ <Recommended grade> :SD5010

Inch

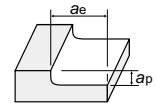
Work material		$\phi.375$	$\phi.5$	$\phi.625$	$\phi.75$	$\phi1$	$\phi1.25$
Expanded aluminum alloy material 5052,7075, etc. (Wet : Water-soluble agent)	n (min ⁻¹)	12,700	10,600	9,900	9,500	7,600	6,000
	IPM	80.1	100.2	124.7	149.6	143.6	151.2
	IPT	.00315	.00315	.00315	.00315	.00315	.00315
	SFM	1,312	1,312	1,640	1,968	1,968	1,968
	a_p (inch)	.079	.079	.079	.079	.079	.079
Cast aluminum alloy material 383.0, etc. (Wet : Water-soluble agent)	n (min ⁻¹)	11,100	9,300	8,000	8,000	6,400	5,000
	IPM	69.9	87.9	100.8	126.0	121.0	126.0
	IPT	.00315	.00315	.00315	.00315	.00315	.00315
	SFM	1,148	1,148	1,312	1,640	1,640	1,640
	a_p (inch)	.079	.079	.079	.079	.079	.079
Pure copper C11000,C10200, etc. (Wet : Water-soluble agent)	n (min ⁻¹)	9,500	8,000	6,000	4,800	3,820	3,000
	IPM	59.9	75.6	75.6	75.6	72.2	75.6
	IPT	.00315	.00315	.00315	.00315	.00315	.00315
	SFM	984	984	984	984	984	984
	a_p (inch)	.079	.079	.079	.079	.079	.079

Metric

Work material		$\phi8$	$\phi10$	$\phi12$	$\phi14$	$\phi16$	$\phi17$	$\phi20$	$\phi21$	$\phi25$	$\phi32$
Expanded aluminum alloy material 5052,7075, etc. (Wet : Water-soluble agent)	n (min ⁻¹)	11,900	12,700	10,600	11,400	9,900	9,400	9,500	9,100	7,600	6,000
	v_f (mm/min)	950	2,040	2,550	2,730	3,180	3,000	3,820	3,640	3,670	3,820
	f_z (mm/t)	0.08	0.08	0.08	0.08	0.08	0.08	0.08	0.08	0.08	0.08
	v_c (m/min)	300	400	400	500	500	500	600	600	600	600
	a_p (mm)	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Cast aluminum alloy material 383.0, etc. (Wet : Water-soluble agent)	n (min ⁻¹)	9,900	11,100	9,300	9,100	8,000	7,500	8,000	7,600	6,400	5,000
	v_f (mm/min)	800	1,780	2,230	2,180	2,550	2,400	3,180	3,030	3,060	3,180
	f_z (mm/t)	0.08	0.08	0.08	0.08	0.08	0.08	0.08	0.08	0.08	0.08
	v_c (m/min)	250	350	350	400	400	400	500	500	500	500
	a_p (mm)	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Pure copper C11000,C10200, etc. (Wet : Water-soluble agent)	n (min ⁻¹)	9,900	9,500	8,000	6,800	6,000	5,600	4,800	4,500	3,820	3,000
	v_f (mm/min)	800	1,530	1,910	1,640	1,910	1,800	1,910	1,820	1,830	1,910
	f_z (mm/t)	0.08	0.08	0.08	0.08	0.08	0.08	0.08	0.08	0.08	0.08
	v_c (m/min)	250	300	300	300	300	300	300	300	300	300
	a_p (mm)	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2

[Note]

- Use the appropriate coolant for the work material and machining shape.
- The cutting conditions shown in the above table are for reference and should be adjusted according to the actual machining circumstances.
- When cutting grooves, reduce the feed rate by 30% (set it to 0.7 times the value shown above).
- When $L/D=4$ or higher, reduce rotation speed and feed rate by 50% (set to $0.5 \times$ stated values) as general criteria. In addition, when machining copper, set cutting depth in axial direction to 1mm or less.
- Use on a machine equipped with splashguards. During use, be sure to wear protective equipment such as safety glasses, and always perform work in a safe environment.
- When using a machine that cannot provide the rotation speed shown above, set the highest rotation speed possible and calculate the feed rate using the f_z value.
- Be sure to use this tool at rotation speeds within the acceptable range for the milling chuck being used. If the acceptable rotation speed range is below the rotation speed shown above, set the highest acceptable rotation speed and calculate the feed rate using the f_z value.



Safety Considerations

1. Handling

- When removing tool from packaging, be careful not to drop the tool on your foot or fingers.
- When actually setting the inserts, be careful not to touch the cutting flute directly with your bare hands.

2. Mounting

- When preparing to use, be sure that the insert is firmly screwed in the pocket and cutter is properly mounted on the tool holder.
- If abnormal chattering occurs during use, stop the machine immediately, identify the cause of the chatter and take corrective action.

3. Usage

- Before use confirm all dimensions, verify work material and programmed tool rotation.
- The numerical values in the standard cutting conditions table should be used as criteria when starting new work. The cutting conditions should be adjusted as appropriate when the cutting depth is large, the rigidity of the machine being used is low, or according to the conditions of the work material.
- Inserts are made of hard material and may break and be expelled from cutter at high speeds. Since there is a danger of injury to workers from chip evacuation, insert breakage or fire safety precautions must be observed at all times. Including, but not limited to: safety glasses, machine enclosures or other means to create a safe environment for work. If you have questions on safety, contact your supervisor.
 - Do not use where there is a risk of fire or explosion.
 - Do not use non-water-soluble cutting oils. Such oils may result in fire.
- Do not use the tool for any purpose other than that for which it is intended, and do not modify it.

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